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Your Health Begins Here



Quality Spotlight - Behavioral Health

HopeHealth's quality focus for May is behavioral health. This clinical focus includes measures like depression screening and intervention, ADHD follow-up, alcohol/substance use screenings, and follow-up from behavioral health-related hospital visits.

Below, read about depression warning signs.

Is It More Than The Blues? Warning Signs of Depression

Nicholas Lee, LPC

We all get "the blues" from time to time, and it is normal to feel sad, lonely, anxious, or even depressed. Experiencing traumatic situations or stressors, such as frustration and worry with relationships, finances, career, or college can affect your emotional experience. A major life change like a big move, job change, divorce, having babies, or the death of a loved one may also influence your overall mood.

Usually, these "down" feelings are fleeting, but with the increased pressures of modern society, these feelings can lead to significant distress that makes it harder to

cope with everyday life. If not handled properly, the "blues" can turn into clinical depression.



Depression is a common mood disorder that can cause increased difficulty in managing, functioning, or communicating in daily life. A person with depression may feel disconnected, isolated, and generally feel "down" more often than not. There may be changes in sleep, daily routine, eating habits, and weight, or an increase in substance abuse. Other symptoms of depression include a loss of interest in regular activities, fatigue, agitation, pessimism, restlessness, trouble concentrating, feeling hopeless, guilty or worthless, or having thoughts of death or suicide.

It is important to seek help or encourage a loved one to seek help if five or more symptoms are present daily for two weeks or more, especially if symptoms affect basic needs such as sleeping, eating, working, or interacting with others. Often, people keep these feelings to themselves to avoid attention or stigma surrounding the treatment of

mental health.

People suffering from depression may become accustomed to the feeling and perceive it as normal, or believe they do not need assistance. Additional barriers to treatment may include a lack of time or money for services.

In 2020, an estimated 14.8 million U.S. adults and 4.1 million teens ages 12-17 had at least one major depressive episode with severe impairment. It is estimated that 39% of adults and 60% of adolescents with at least one major depression episode did NOT seek treatment. This aspect of depression needs to change!

It is not a weakness or personal defect to seek help for depression, and no one needs to feel shame or embarrassment about telling their health care provider or people they love and trust. Depression affects all ages, races, ethnicities, and genders. Women are more likely to be diagnosed with depression than men. Men are at greater risk for being under-treated or under-diagnosed, since they may not recognize, talk about, or seek help for feelings or emotional issues. Rates are even higher among African American men. The LGBTQI+ community, adolescents, and young adults ages 18-29 are also at greater risk of depression.

Reaching out for help is the key to beginning the process of feeling better and improving symptoms. Keeping it all inside and telling no one what is going on typically increases symptoms of depression. The sooner a person gets help, the quicker they can start feeling better. The first step is to talk with your primary health care provider about symptoms, and find at least one trusted family or friend to talk to for emotional support.

The main treatment options for depression are medications, behavioral therapy/counseling, or a combination of the two. Since everyone is different, treatment approaches are individualized and may take some trial and error to find what works best. Don't give up!

Antidepressants are medications commonly prescribed to treat depression. These medications can take 4-8 weeks to take effect, and often sleep, appetite, or concentration improve before overall mood. Give the medication time to work. It's also important not to stop the medication abruptly; talk to your health care provider before stopping any antidepressant medication.

A health care provider can refer a patient to therapy, or individuals can find therapy locally or online. Behavioral therapy can be short or long-term and is patient-driven. The goal of therapy is to develop a toolbox of strategies to deal with and process emotions, improve communication, learn how to manage stress and stressful situations, and develop problem-solving and troubleshooting techniques. Through this process, individuals can work on and change inner dialogue, improve healthy habits and mindset, have meaningful conversations, develop a more positive outlook on life, and enrich life experiences.

During the COVID pandemic, the incidence of depression and anxiety increased. Today, many experts agree that the U.S. is having a mental health crisis. Adults and teens feel more lonely, isolated, and disconnected, and access to behavioral health services can be challenging. Even five years out from the onset of the pandemic, behavioral health services are still playing catch-up, often with gaps in care and long wait times to get into counseling or psychiatric services due to a shortage of providers.

A new way to improve access to therapy is the integrated care model with hospitals, providers, and behavioral therapists/counselors working together to coordinate care. At HopeHealth, providers can invite counselors into patient appointments for a short chat, called a "warm handoff," to help individuals feel more comfortable and knowledgeable about counseling services.

Don't wait to get help for depression. Asking for help is a sign of strength and not a sign of weakness, incompetence, inferiority, or being a burden. If a person is not sure what to ask for, reach out to mental health services or talk with your primary care provider about options.

The suicide and crisis lifeline is available 24/7 by calling or texting 988. Finding help for depression is the most important first step to start the process of healing and feeling better!

Upcoming Facility Closure



Please note that all HopeHealth locations (including pharmacies) will be closed on **Monday, May 26,** for Memorial Day. Patients can reach an on-call provider by calling the number associated with their provider. In an emergency, please dial 911 or visit your nearest emergency department.

Congrats To Our Palmetto Gold Recipient!

Congratulations to our Palmetto Gold award recipient, Leah Jeffords. The Palmetto Gold award recognizes registered nurses in our state who exemplify excellence in nursing practice and commitment to the nursing profession.

A native of Pamplico, SC, Jeffords graduated from Francis Marion University in 2021 with a Bachelor of Science in Nursing. She started her nursing career in inpatient pediatrics and transitioned to family medicine at HopeHealth. On winning the award, Jeffords says, "HopeHealth has allowed me to give back to the community in more ways than I can count."

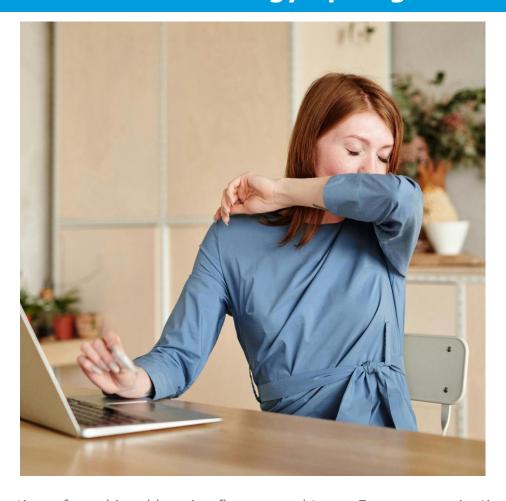


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patient portal. **Visit this link** or use the "Online Bill Pay" button on the home page of our website, **hope-health.org.**

Seasonal Allergy Spotlight



Spring is a time of sunshine, blooming flowers, and trees. For many, springtime can also mean seasonal allergies, with sneezing, a runny nose, congestion, itchy eyes, fatigue, and other annoying symptoms.

Seasonal allergies, also known as seasonal allergic rhinitis or hay fever, affect 60 million Americans and are your body's way of responding to pollen. Seasonal allergies occur at specific times of year when certain types of pollen are at higher levels in the air. Rising temperatures have extended the pollen season, with levels rising earlier for the spring season and lingering longer in the fall.

Click here to read an article from **Dr. Amanda Burnette** about managing your seasonal allergies!

Recipe Spotlight

Quick Pickled Red Onions

Ingredients:

- 1 medium-sized red onion (or any type of onion you like), peeled, and sliced or chopped
- ½ cup water
- ¼ cup distilled white vinegar
- 1/4 cup apple cider vinegar (or double the amount of white vinegar)

- 1 tablespoon honey or maple syrup
- 1 teaspoon salt (optional)
- 1/4 teaspoon red pepper, for heat (optional)

Directions:

- Pack the onion slices in a 1-pint (16ounce) mason jar.
- In a small to medium-sized saucepan, combine water, vinegars, sweetener, and salt. Bring to a simmer over medium heat (not boiling), remove from the stove, and pour over the onions.



- Use a spoon to press the onions into the vinegar and release any air bubbles. Let it cool to room temperature.
- Cover with the airtight lid and refrigerate for 4-5 hours or overnight. Keeps for up to 3 weeks in the refrigerator.

Tips:

- The onions need to be covered completely in the vinegar mixture. If they are not, remove some onions or make more vinegar mixture.
- Substitute monk fruit or Stevia for sugar-free pickled onions.
- You can slice the onion in rings, half rings, or roughly chop them.
- Vary your vinegars to change the flavors, including red wine vinegar, white wine vinegar, or rice wine vinegar.
- Another way to change the flavors is to add jalapeno slices, garlic cloves, or sprigs of rosemary, thyme, or dill, depending on your taste.
- This recipe can be easily doubled or halved depending on how fast you finish the jar!

Visit **hope-health.org/community/events** to learn about and sign up for free community classes offered by HopeHealth! Topics range from healthy cooking to diabetes management, prioritizing movement, carbohydrate counting, and more.

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